1. Information about the indicator	
Goal	Promoting sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all
Task	By 2030, ensure full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including young people and people with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value.
The indicator	Average hourly earnings by gender, age, foreign economic activity, and region
2. Information about the organization	
Organization	Bureau of National Statistics of the Agency for Strategic Planning and Reforms of the Republic of Kazakhstan
3. Definitions and concepts	
Definition	Hourly wage is the calculation of wages depending on the amount of time worked (hours).
Basic concepts:	The average monthly nominal salary of one employee is determined by dividing the amount of the accrued salary fund by the actual number of employees.
Justification and interpretation	To calculate this indicator, the salary fund and the actual number of employees who worked at the enterprise during the observed period are taken.
4. Data sources and collection methods	
Data sources	The source of statistical data is the form 2-T (remuneration) "Report on the structure and distribution of wages".
Data collection methods	Statistical information in the Republic of Kazakhstan is collected from large enterprises and from a sample survey of medium-sized and small enterprises, excluding small enterprises engaged in entrepreneurial activities.
Unit of measure ment	Tenge
Periodicity	Once a year
5. Calculation method and other methodological considerations	
Calculation method:	The indicators are formed based on the results of a sample survey. The sample set of enterprises is formed by the method of "stratified sampling" using the method of repeated random selection. Stratification is an effective method of increasing the effectiveness of the sampling method. The advantages of stratification are: greater accuracy compared to other data selection options; greater accuracy when using a smaller sample size, which saves money; ensuring the representativeness of the sample. The formation of a sample population for conducting a sample survey of wages of employees of enterprises consists of two stages. At the first stage, the general population is stratified by territory, by types of economic activity and by the size of enterprises. In order to reduce the burden on respondents, the sample size for small and medium-sized enterprises is 30%. Large enterprises are subject to continuous coverage.

Comments and restrictions:	The indicators are formed by type of economic activity, region, gender and age
6. Data availability and disaggregation	
Data availability and gaps:	The data is available on the website of the Bureau of National Statistics of the Agency for Strategic Planning and Reforms of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
The level of disaggregation:	The data is disaggregated by gender, age, occupation classification, and KATO.
7. Comparability with international data/standards	The concepts and definitions are given in accordance with the standards and methodological approaches of the International Labour Organization (ILO).
8. References and documentation	https://stat.gov.kz/official/industry/25/statistic/5