

Average per capita nominal monetary income of the Republic of Kazakhstan

Date of publication: 02.10.2026

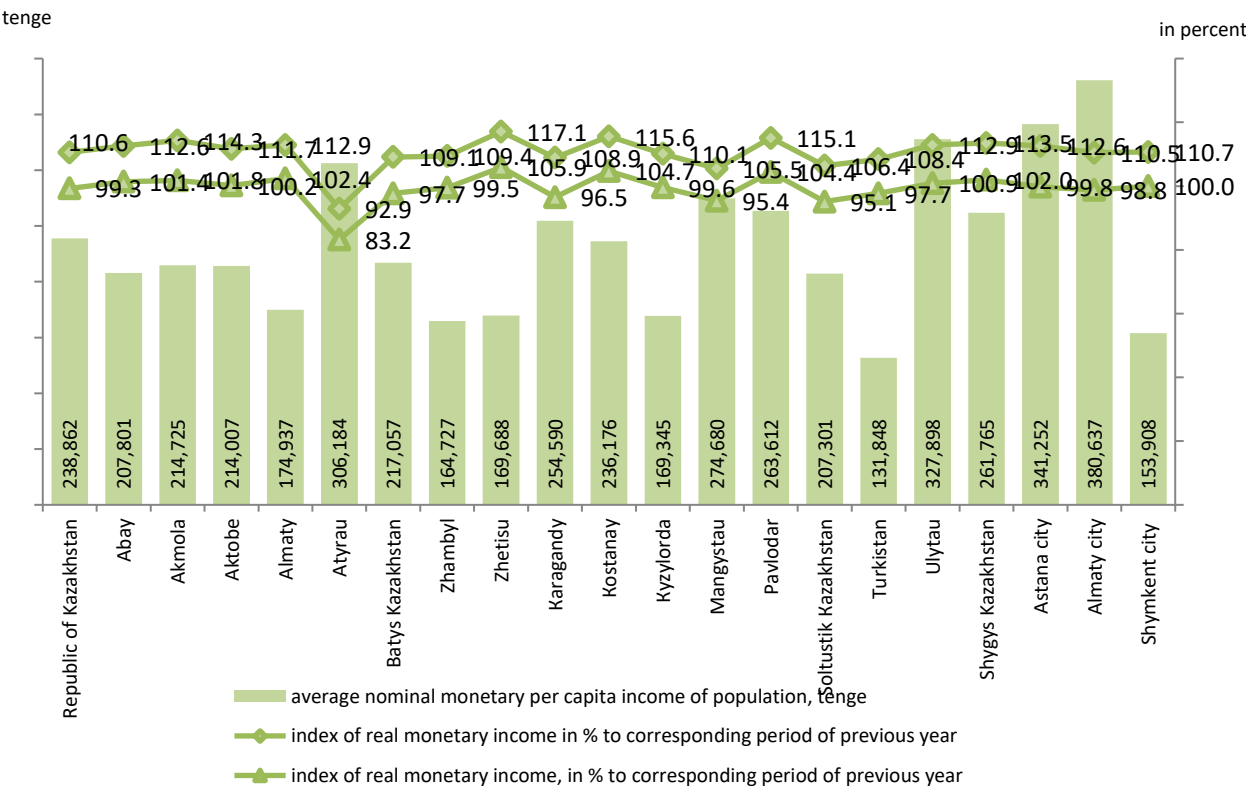
Date of next publication: 04.10.2027

- 1. Key points
- 2. Per capita nominal and real cash income for the year
- 3. Glossary
- 4. Methodological explanations
- 5 Useful links

1. Key points

The average per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population, according to estimates in 2025, amounted to 238862 tenge per month, which is 10,6% higher than in 2024, while real monetary income decreased by 0,7% over the specified period.

Nominal and real monetary income of the population by year



2. Per capita nominal and real cash income for the year

The average per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population of the Republic of Kazakhstan in 2025 amounted to 238862 tenge per month and increased by 10,6% compared to 2024. Taking into account the consumer price index of this period (11,4%), the monetary incomes of the population in real terms decreased by 0,7%.

Nominal and real monetary incomes of the population (estimate)

	Average per capita nominal monetary income of the population, tenge		Income index 2025 as a percentage to 2024	
	2025	2024	nominal	real
Republic of Kazakhstan	238 862	215 979	110,6	99,3
Abay	207 801	184 607	112,6	101,4
Akmola	214 725	187 922	114,3	101,8
Aktobe	214 007	191 514	111,7	100,2
Almaty	174 937	154 919	112,9	102,4
Atyrau	306 184	329 734	92,9	83,2
Batys Kazakhstan	217 057	198 935	109,1	97,7

Zhambyl	164 727	150 627	109,4	99,5
Zhetysu	169 688	144 875	117,1	105,9
Karagandy	254 590	233 677	108,9	96,5
Kostanay	236 176	204 267	115,6	104,7
Kyzylorda	169 345	153 751	110,1	99,6
Mangystau	274 680	260 252	105,5	95,4
Pavlodar	263 612	229 108	115,1	104,4
Soltustik Kazakhstan	207 301	194 843	106,4	95,1
Turkistan	131 848	121 620	108,4	97,7
Ulytau	327 898	290 529	112,9	100,9
Shygys Kazakhstan	261 765	230 718	113,5	102,0
Astana city	341 252	303 175	112,6	99,8
Almaty city	380 637	344 454	110,5	98,8
Shymkent city	153 908	139 044	110,7	100,0
Max	380 637	344 454	117,1	105,9
Min	131 848	121 620	92,9	83,2
Max /Min, paz	2,9	2,8	1,3	1,3

The maximum value of per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population in 2025 recorded in the city Almaty (380637 tenge) and the city of Astana (341252 tenge).

By region, the largest increase in nominal monetary income compared to last year was registered in region Zhetysu – 17,1.

Dynamic tables:

[1. Average per capita nominal monetary income of the population \(year\)](#)

[2. Nominal money income index \(year\)](#)

[3. Real money income index \(year\)](#)

3. Glossary

Nominal monetary income of the population (estimate) – funds allocated by the population for current consumption, production activities and accumulation;

The nominal cash income index is a relative indicator that characterizes the change in nominal cash income in the reporting period compared to the base period;

The real cash income index is a relative indicator that characterizes the change in nominal cash income taking into account price changes in the reporting period compared to the base period;

Income from hired employment – wages, all types of incentive payments. salary allowances, fees, bonuses and benefits received by employees at the place of work;

Employees' Salary Fund (wages) – the total monetary funds accrued by organizations. as well as funds in kind transferred to a monetary unit to pay employees (official salaries (tariff rates). surcharges. allowances. bonuses. incentive and compensatory payments), taking into account taxes and other deductions (income tax, mandatory pension contributions), regardless of the source of their financing and the term of their actual payments;

Income from self-employment - income in cash and in kind received from the production of goods and services based on self-employment;

The consumer price index (CPI) is an indicator that characterizes the change over time in the average price level for a fixed basket of goods and services purchased by the population for personal consumption.

4. Methodological explanations

Information on the average per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population is formed on a monthly, quarterly and annual basis in accordance with the Methodology for Calculating (Estimating) nominal monetary Incomes of the Population, approved by Order No. 214 of the Chairman of the Statistics Committee of the Ministry of National Economy of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated September 21. 2016, registered with the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan on October 21. 2016, No. 14350.

The calculation of the average per capita nominal monetary income is carried out at the macro level by aggregating all data (statistical and administrative) on the income of the population – income from hired employment (wages), income from self-employment, social transfers paid. other income, taking into account the population, since the calculation is made per person.

The assessment of nominal monetary incomes of the population (hereinafter referred to as personal income tax) is carried out monthly with an increasing total for the period from the beginning of the year only in the Republic of Kazakhstan, and for the quarter and year - in the Republic of Kazakhstan and regions.

The calculation of the per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population includes the following main stages:

1) calculation of nominal monetary income from employment;

- 2) calculation of the coefficient of calculation for concealment of wages;
- 3) calculation of nominal monetary income from self-employment;
- 4) calculation of current transfers paid to the population;
- 5) calculation of other monetary income of the population;
- 6) calculation of per capita nominal monetary income;
- 7) calculation of nominal and real monetary income indices.

Calculation of per capita nominal monetary income

The total amount of NCI is determined by summing income from hired and self-employment, current transfers paid and other monetary income.

The average per capita nominal monetary income is determined by the following formula:

$$NCI_{average/i} = \frac{\sum NCI_{com}}{Size_{popul}}$$

where:

$\sum NCI_{com}$ – total amount NCI for the reporting period;

$Size_{popul}$ – the population of the country at the time of the billing period.

In accordance with the different frequency of presentation of primary statistical data and the clarification (correction) of summary statistical data (information) and data obtained from departmental statistical observations, a preliminary calculation (first estimate) and recalculation (second estimate or clarification) of the total nominal and real monetary incomes of the population for the periods of the month, quarter and year is made.

Preliminary calculation of nominal and real monetary incomes of the population for the period from the beginning of the year is carried out on the 40th calendar day after the reporting period on the basis of monthly and quarterly summary statistical data (information) and data obtained from departmental statistical observations, as well as expert assessments and calculations of statistical indicators that are absent at the time of calculation (assessment).

Recalculation (updated assessment) of nominal and real monetary incomes of the population for the period from the beginning of the year and for the year is carried out in September of the year following the reporting year, based on annual summary statistical data (information) and annual data obtained from departmental statistical observations.

Calculation of the index of nominal monetary income of the population.

To assess the dynamics of NCI, the index of nominal monetary incomes is calculated according to the following formula:

$$iNCI = \frac{NCI_{rep\ per}}{NCI_{base\ per}} * 100\%.$$

where:

$iNCI$ - index of nominal monetary income;

$NCI_{rep\ per}$ - average per capita nominal cash income for the reporting period;

$NCI_{base\ per}$ - per capita nominal monetary income for the base period.

Calculation of the real cash income index

The calculation of the per capita nominal monetary income in real terms is carried out using the consumer price index.

The calculation of the average per capita nominal monetary income in real terms is carried out by the method of bringing the current indicator into comparable prices of the base period according to the formula:

$$iRCI = \frac{iNCI}{CPI} * 100\%$$

where:

$iRCI$ – real money income index;

$iNCI$ – index of nominal cash income for the reporting period;

CPI – consumer price index for the reporting period.

5. Useful links

Methodology for calculating (estimating) nominal monetary incomes of the population

Nominal cash income, Information and analytical system «Taldau»

Responsible for release: Department of labor and standard of living statistics	Director of the Department: T. Demesheva Tel. +7 7172 749022	Executor: A. Makshayeva Tel. +7 7172 749262 E-mail : a.makshayeva@aspire.gov.kz	Address: 010000, Astana city Mangilik El avenue, 8 House of Ministries, Entrance 4
---	---	---	--