

Gross regional product of the Republic of Kazakhstan

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1. Key points

The volume of the produced Gross Domestic Product (GDP) for January- December 2025 (a preliminary data) amounted to 159583750,7 million tenge. GDP compared to the corresponding period of the previous year in creased by 6,5% in real terms.

High Gross regional product (GRP) growth rates are observed in Astana city (11,6%), Shymkent city (11%), Turkistan region (9,3%).

2. GDP structure by regions

In the structure of GDP for January- December 2025 occupies the largest share are Almaty city (23,4%), Astana city (11,9%) and Atyrau region (10,4%).

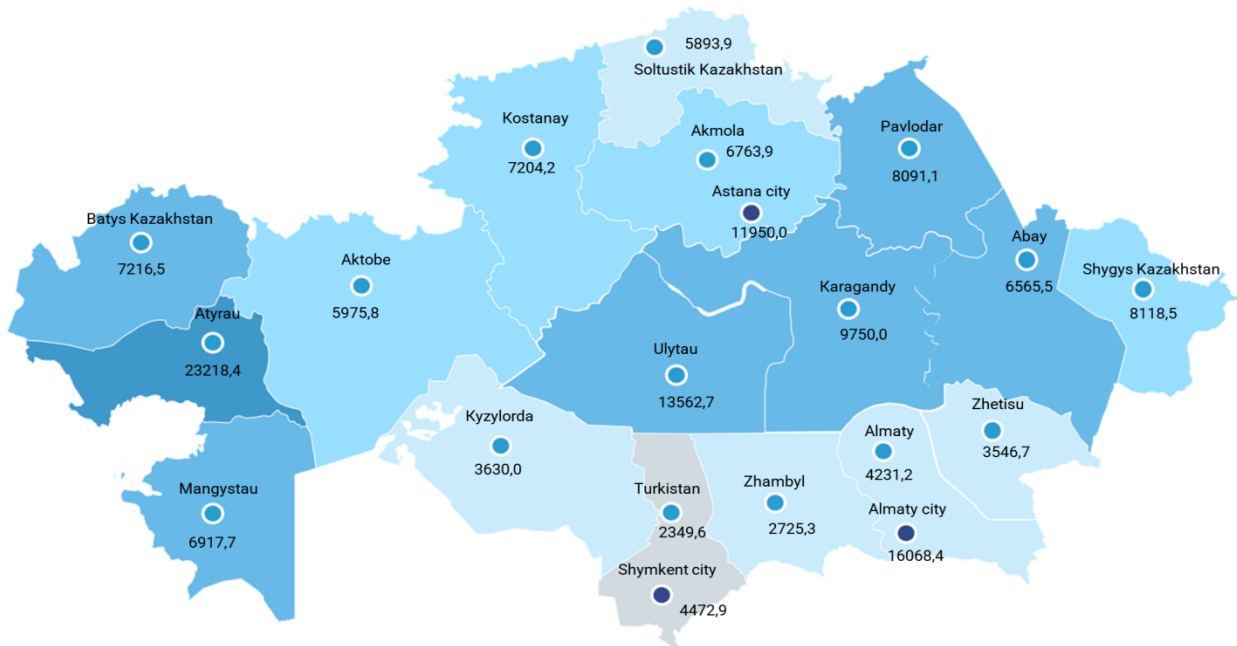
Gross domestic product by region for January-December 2025 (GRP)

	Gross regional product				
	million tenge	share of regions in GDP, in percent	physical volume index, as a percentage of the corresponding period of the previous year	GRP per capita, thousand tenge	order of GRP per capita
Republic of Kazakhstan	159 583 750,7	100,0	106,5	7 826,0	x
Abay	3 934 564,7	2,5	101,2	6 565,5	12
Akmola	5 332 870,9	3,3	106,6	6 763,9	11
Aktobe	5 693 380,0	3,6	105,1	5 975,8	13
Almaty	6 678 262,6	4,2	105,4	4 231,2	16
Atyrau	16 564 592,4	10,4	108,0	23 218,4	1
Batys Kazakhstan	5 021 375,2	3,1	101,3	7 216,5	8
Zhambyl	3 322 177,0	2,0	104,9	2 725,3	19
Zhetisu	2 450 790,8	1,5	105,8	3 546,7	18
Karagandy	11 043 243,9	6,9	104,6	9 750,0	5
Kostanay	5 932 830,1	3,7	108,2	7 204,2	9
Kyzylorda	3 071 703,8	1,9	102,9	3 630,0	17
Mangystau	5 620 541,6	3,5	101,9	6 917,7	10
Pavlodar	6 053 198,8	3,8	105,2	8 091,1	7
Soltustik Kazakhstan	3 053 960,1	1,9	107,8	5 893,9	14
Turkistan	5 055 389,5	3,2	109,3	2 349,6	20
Ulytau	2 986 088,7	1,9	103,7	13 562,7	3
Shygys Kazakhstan	5 857 379,0	3,7	100,9	8 118,5	6
Astana city	18 928 077,1	11,9	111,6	11 950,0	4
Almaty city	37 279 951,5	23,4	106,9	16 068,4	2
Shymkent city	5 703 373,0	3,6	111,0	4 472,9	15

In terms of Gross regional product per capita, the leading positions are occupied by Atyrau region (23218,4 thousand tenge), Almaty city (16068,4 thousand tenge), Ulytau region (13562,7 thousand tenge), Astana city (11950,0 thousand tenge) and on last positions are Turkistan (2349,6 thousand tenge), Zhambyl (2725,3 thousand tenge) and Zhetisu (3546,7 thousand tenge) regions.

Gross domestic product per capita by region for January-December 2025 (GRP per capita)

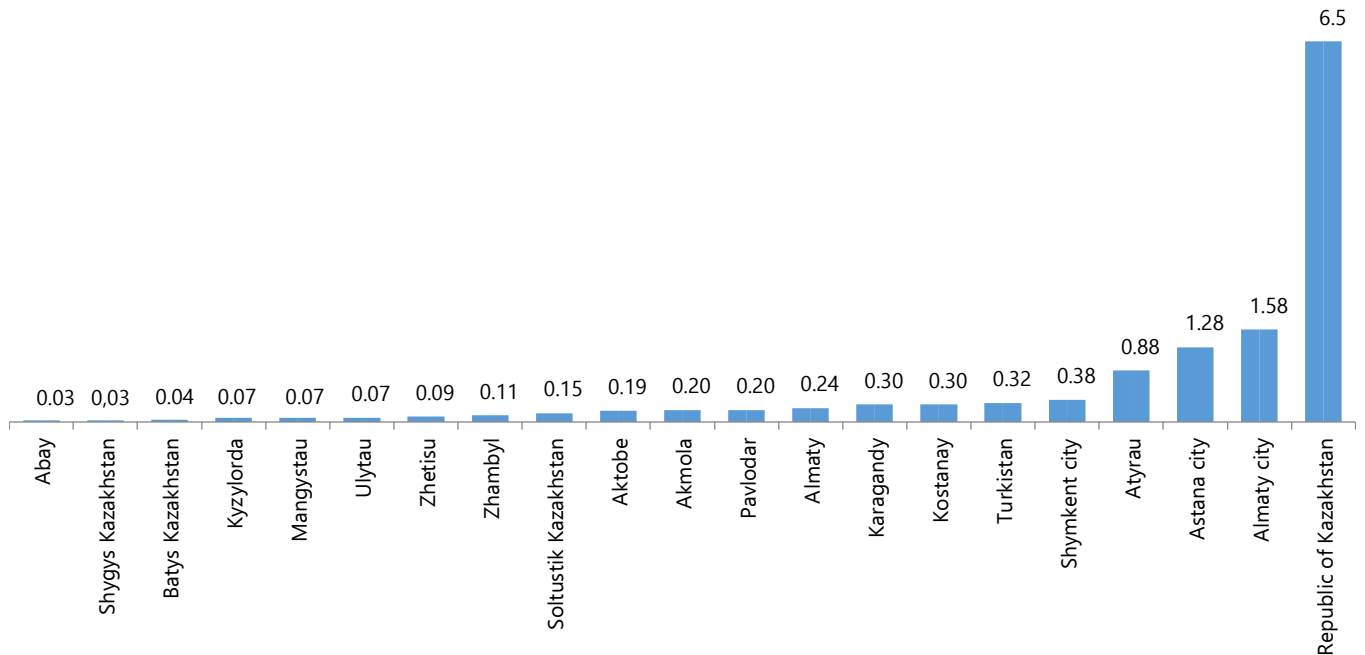
thousand tenge



The largest contribution to increase of GDP is observed in Almaty city (1,58 p.p.), Astana city (1,28 p.p.) and Atyrau region (0,88 p.p.). The smallest contribution is observed in Abay region (0,03 p.p.) and Shygys Kazakhstan region (0,03 p.p.).

Contribution of regions to GDP for January-December 2025

in percentage point



Dynamic tables:

[Gross regional product](#)
[Volume index of gross regional product](#)
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[Structure of gross regional product](#)
[Gross regional product per capita](#)
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[GVA by industry sectors by regions](#)
[Labor productivity by region by type of economic activity](#)
[Labor productivity indices by region by type of economic activity](#)

3. Glossary

Gross regional product (GRP) is the final result of the production activities of resident producer units in a particular region, over a certain period of time and calculated at market prices.

Gross value added is the value of gross output less the value of intermediate consumption, which serves as an indicator of the contribution to GDP made by individual producers, industries or sectors of the economy.

Gross output – the output of goods and services, representing the total value of goods and services resulting from the production activities of resident units of the national economy in the reporting period.

Intermediate consumption is the value of goods and services that are transformed or completely consumed in the production process.

Contribution – the value of the influence of the percentage change in the indicator on the total value of GDP.

Taxes on products include taxes, the amount of which directly depends on the cost of goods produced and services rendered.

4. Methodological notes

Gross regional product is the value of the final goods and services of a particular region, over a certain period of time. The GRP is calculated using the production method and is the sum of the gross value added of all economic activities and includes net taxes. The sum of the GRP must equal the Gross Domestic Product.

The data for January–December 2025 are calculated based on preliminary data, taking into account the changes to the methodology for the assessment of the Non-Observed Economy dated August 21, 2025, and the methodology for the assessment of the Volume of Illegal Activities dated August 29, 2025.

The data on NACE 495 and the distribution by region for January-December 2025 are based on information provided by pipeline transport enterprises, taking into account the volume of transportation by region.

5. Links to related publications

[GDP by production method](#)
[Short term economic indicator](#)
[Labor productivity by region by type of economic activity](#)
[Labor productivity indices by region by type of economic activity](#)

6. Useful links

[Methodological regulation on statistics](#)
[Methodology for calculating the gross regional product at current and constant prices](#)
[Methodology for estimating the non-observed economy](#)
[Methodology for assessing residential rent](#)
[Methodology for accounting of the output of financial intermediation services](#)
[Methodology for accounting of financial services of second-tier banks](#)
[Methodology for accounting of central bank services](#)
[Methodology for accounting of pension fund services](#)
[Methodology for assessing the volume of illegal activities](#)
[Methodology for accounting of insurance services](#)
[Methodology for accounting of taxes on products and imports](#)
[Methodology for calculating the Labor productivity](#)
[Methodology for calculating the gross domestic product by the production method at current and constant prices](#)
[GRP, Quality Report 2024](#)
[Information and analytical system "Taldau"](#)

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