

Income.

Average per capita nominal monetary income

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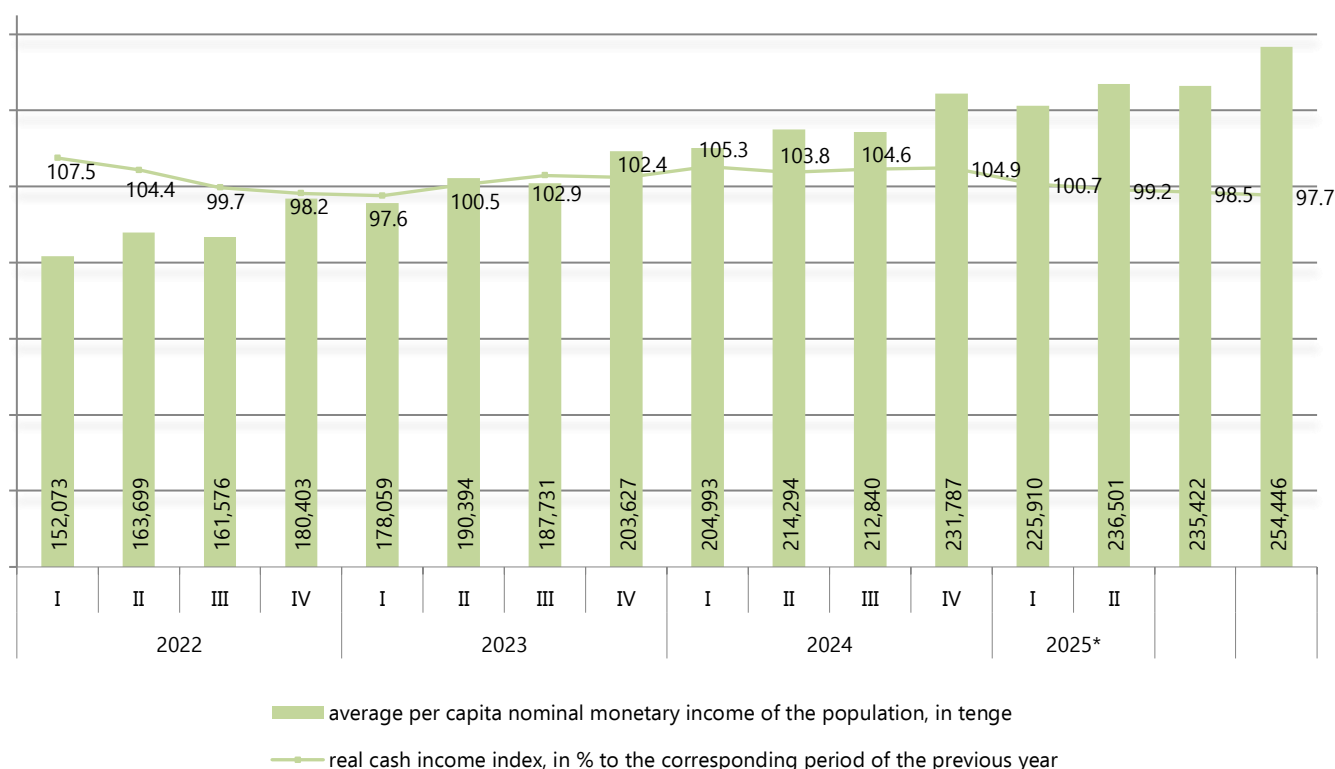
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1. Key points

The average per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population, according to estimates in the IV quarter of 2025, amounted to 254 446 tenge per month, which is 9,8% higher than in the IV quarter of 2024.

Nominal and real monetary income of the population by quarter



2. Per capita nominal and real cash income for the quarter

The average per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the IV quarter of 2025 amounted to 254 446 tenge per month and increased by 9,8% compared to the IV quarter of 2024.

Nominal and real monetary incomes of the population (estimate)

	Average per capita nominal monetary income of the population, tenge		IV quarter of 2025, as a percentage of IV quarter of 2024	
	IV quarter of 2025	IV quarter of 2024	nominal	real
Republic of Kazakhstan	254 446	231 787	109,8	97,7
Abay	219 264	192 530	113,9	101,9
Akmola	237 792	202 797	117,3	103,3
Aktobe	229 459	208 794	109,9	97,3
Almaty	184 937	164 505	112,4	99,7
Atyrau	297 065	331 741	89,5	78,8
Batys Kazakhstan	225 001	206 659	108,9	97,1
Zhambyl	172 382	157 963	109,1	97,6
Zhetysu	179 210	153 274	116,9	103,8
Karagandy	268 174	249 473	107,5	94,7
Kostanay	255 730	219 054	116,7	104,3
Kyzylorda	173 441	160 142	108,3	97,0
Mangystau	285 674	267 718	106,7	95,4

Pavlodar	282 222	247 492	114,0	101,0
Soltustik Kazakhstan	223 880	212 223	105,5	92,8
Turkistan	134 176	121 417	110,5	98,4
Ulytau	369 772	318 606	116,1	101,9
Shygys Kazakhstan	282 775	252 637	111,9	99,6
Astana city	371 303	330 318	112,4	99,7
Almaty city	410 418	381 570	107,6	96,6
Shymken tcity	157 873	147 041	107,4	95,6
Max	410 418	381 570	117,3	104,3
Min	134 176	121 417	89,5	78,8
Max /Min, paз	3,1	3,1	1,3	1,3

The maximum value of per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population in the IV quarter of 2025 recorded in the Almaty (410 418 tenge) and Astana (371 303 tenge) city per month per capita.

By region, the largest increase in nominal monetary incomes was registered in the Akmola region – 17,3% and the Zhetisu region – 16,9% compared to the same quarter last year.

** Preliminary data. The data will be recalculated due to refinement of data resources.*

Dynamic tables:

[1. Average per capita nominal monetary income of the population \(quarter\)](#)

[2. Nominal money income index \(quarter\)](#)

[3. Real money income index \(quarter\)](#)

3. Glossary

Nominal monetary income of the population (estimate) – funds allocated by the population for current consumption, production activities and accumulation;

The nominal cash income index is a relative indicator that characterizes the change in nominal cash income in the reporting period compared to the base period;

The real cash income index is a relative indicator that characterizes the change in nominal cash income taking into account price changes in the reporting period compared to the base period;

Income from hired employment – wages, all types of incentive payments, salary allowances, fees, bonuses and benefits received by employees at the place of work;

Employees' Salary Fund (wages) – the total monetary funds accrued by organizations, as well as funds in kind transferred to a monetary unit to pay employees (official salaries (tariff rates), surcharges, allowances, bonuses, incentive and compensatory payments), taking into account taxes and other deductions (income tax, mandatory pension contributions), regardless of the source of their financing and the term of their actual payments;

Income from self-employment - income in cash and in kind received from the production of goods and services based on self-employment;

The consumer price index (CPI) is an indicator that characterizes the change over time in the average price level for a fixed basket of goods and services purchased by the population for personal consumption.

4. Methodological explanations

Information on the average per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population is formed on a monthly, quarterly and annual basis in accordance with the Methodology for Calculating (Estimating) nominal monetary Incomes of the Population, approved by Order No. 214 of the Chairman of the Statistics Committee of the Ministry of National Economy of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated September 21, 2016, registered with the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan on October 21, 2016, No. 14350.

The calculation of the average per capita nominal monetary income is carried out at the macro level by aggregating all data (statistical and administrative) on the income of the population – income from hired employment (wages), income from self-employment, social transfers paid, other income, taking into account the population, since the calculation is made per person.

The assessment of nominal monetary incomes of the population (hereinafter referred to as personal income tax) is carried out monthly with an increasing total for the period from the beginning of the year only in the Republic of Kazakhstan, and for the quarter and year - in the Republic of Kazakhstan and regions.

The calculation of the per capita nominal monetary incomes of the population includes the following main stages:

- 1) calculation of nominal monetary income from employment;
- 2) calculation of the coefficient of calculation for concealment of wages;
- 3) calculation of nominal monetary income from self-employment;
- 4) calculation of current transfers paid to the population;
- 5) calculation of other monetary income of the population;
- 6) calculation of per capita nominal monetary income;
- 7) calculation of nominal and real monetary income indices.

Calculation of per capita nominal monetary income

The total amount of NCI is determined by summing income from hired and self-employment, current transfers paid and other monetary income.

The average per capita nominal monetary income is determined by the following formula:

$$NCI_{average/i} = \frac{\sum NCI_{com}}{Size_{popul}}$$

зде:

$\sum NCI_{com}$ – total amount NCI for the reporting period;

$Size_{popul}$ – the population of the country at the time of the billing period.

In accordance with the different frequency of presentation of primary statistical data and the clarification (correction) of summary statistical data (information) and data obtained from departmental statistical observations, a preliminary calculation (first estimate) and recalculation (second estimate or clarification) of the total nominal and real monetary incomes of the population for the periods of the month, quarter and year is made.

Preliminary calculation of nominal and real monetary incomes of the population for the period from the beginning of the year is carried out on the 40th calendar day after the reporting period on the basis of monthly and quarterly summary statistical data (information) and data obtained from departmental statistical observations, as well as expert assessments and calculations of statistical indicators that are absent at the time of calculation (assessment).

Recalculation (updated assessment) of nominal and real monetary incomes of the population for the period from the beginning of the year and for the year is carried out in September of the year following the reporting year, based on annual summary statistical data (information) and annual data obtained from departmental statistical observations.

Calculation of the index of nominal monetary income of the population.

To assess the dynamics of NCI, the index of nominal monetary incomes is calculated according to the following formula:

$$iNCI = \frac{NCI_{rep\ per}}{NCI_{base\ per}} * 100\%$$

зде:

$iNCI$ – index of nominal monetary income;

NCI_{repper} – average per capita nominal cash income for the reporting period;

$NCI_{baseper}$ – per capita nominal monetary income for the base period.

Calculation of the real cash income index

The calculation of the per capita nominal monetary income in real terms is carried out using the consumer price index.

The calculation of the average per capita nominal monetary income in real terms is carried out by the method of bringing the current indicator into comparable prices of the base period according to the formula:

$$iRCI = \frac{iNCI}{CPI} * 100\%$$

зде:

$iRCI$ – real money income index;

$iNCI$ – index of nominal cash income for the reporting period;

CPI – consumer price index for the reporting period.

5. Useful links

Methodology for calculating (estimating) nominal monetary incomes of the population

Nominal cash income. Information and analytical system «Taldau»

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